

For N<sub>2</sub> gas molecules in a 10 cm cubic box, the rules of QM dictate the discrete allowed values for:

1. Translational K.E. in one dimension:  $\{1 \times 10^{-40} \text{ J}, 4 \times 10^{-40} \text{ J}, 9 \times 10^{-40} \text{ J}, \dots\}$
2. Rotational K.E.:  $\{0 \text{ J}, 0.8 \times 10^{-22} \text{ J}, 0.8 \times 10^{-22} \text{ J}, 0.8 \times 10^{-22} \text{ J}, 2.5 \times 10^{-22} \text{ J}, \dots\}$
3. Vibrational energy:  $\{2.3 \times 10^{-20} \text{ J}, 6.9 \times 10^{-20} \text{ J}, 11.5 \times 10^{-20} \text{ J}, \dots\}$

Sketch a graph of  $\frac{dU}{dT}$  of  $10^{22}$  molecules of N<sub>2</sub> gas in the temperature range of 70 K (the temperature at which N<sub>2</sub> becomes liquid at 1 atm of pressure) to 5000 K (at which temperature N<sub>2</sub> breaks apart).

(use a logarithmic temperature axis)